



# Transatlantic Dialogue Center

## Weekly briefing

**June 22 – 28**

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## Negotiations between the United States, Ukraine, and the Russian Federation

- US Special Representative **Keith Kellogg visited Belarus** and held **talks with Alexander Lukashenko**. In private conversations, Kellogg characterized his visit as a step that could help launch peace talks to end the war. The talks covered Belarusian-American relations and regional issues.
- The presidents of Ukraine and the United States **held a lengthy meeting at the NATO summit** in The Hague, which lasted about 50 minutes. It was the first meeting between the leaders since Ukraine and Russia resumed direct talks. Trump **characterized** the meeting as “excellent” and reiterated Ukraine’s readiness to engage in a dialogue with Russia to end the war. Zelenskyi **provided** the American leader with factual information about the situation on the battlefield and emphasized **Ukraine’s readiness to purchase American air defense systems**, including Patriot.
- The American president **expressed** his readiness to consider the supply of Patriot systems to Ukraine, noting their absolute effectiveness and successful use by Israel. Ukraine has previously declared its readiness to purchase at least 10 of these systems. Trump **also agreed** with the assessment that Putin’s military ambitions could extend beyond Ukraine, **calling the Russian leader “confused”** and noting that the war has become a “big problem” for him.
- Trump **expressed a restrained position on new sanctions** against Russia, seeking to “leave room” for negotiations. Secretary of State Marco Rubio explained that additional sanctions could make it impossible to engage in a ceasefire with Moscow.
- Instead, Italian Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni **called on Trump to show the same resolve in the war in Ukraine** as he did in the conflict between Israel and Iran. At the NATO summit, she emphasized the need to apply the same approach to all regional conflicts, including the situation in Gaza.
- Turkish President Recep Erdogan **announced** Trump’s readiness to join a potential **meeting between the leaders of Ukraine and Russia in Turkey**, provided Putin participates. This indicates a potential intensification of diplomatic efforts in the format of trilateral talks.
- Ukraine and Russia **continued exchanging prisoners under the Istanbul agreements**. The latest exchange **included** the return of soldiers under the age of 25 and wounded soldiers, the youngest of whom was 24. However, Zelenskyi reported problematic aspects of these exchanges: Russia **handed over** the bodies of 20 of its dead soldiers, including an Israeli mercenary who fought for Russia, instead of Ukrainian soldiers. The President of Ukraine sees this as an attempt by Moscow to create the appearance of openness to agreements for Trump, which could lead to a postponement of sanctions and high-level meetings.

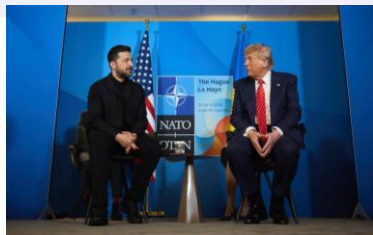
## International Support

- Ukraine is **launching** a program to manufacture weapons abroad for its own needs and those of its European partners. President Zelenskyi announced preparations to sign relevant agreements >>

- >> under the **Build with Ukraine program**, which provides for the opening of production lines for drones, missiles, and artillery in Europe. Denmark, Norway, Germany, the United Kingdom, and Lithuania are among the potential partners.
- The leaders of the North Atlantic Alliance **have decided to increase defense spending to 5% of GDP by 2035**. NATO member states will submit “annual plans” to gradually reach the 5% goal. Progress will be reviewed in 2029. NATO Secretary General Mark Rutte also reaffirmed support for Ukraine on its path to membership in the Alliance, noting the allocation of more than €35 billion in assistance for the current year.
- Ukraine has **achieved** a significant success in international arbitration, winning a \$1.37 billion **case against Gazprom** for breach of contractual obligations for **gas transportation**.
- An agreement **was also signed on the establishment of a Special Tribunal** to investigate the crime of aggression against Ukraine with the participation of Council of Europe Secretary General Alain Berset.
- The President of Ukraine **enacted** the decision of the National Security and Defense Council **to synchronize Ukrainian sanctions with international partners**. The mechanism provides for the implementation of all sanctions imposed by the EU, the US and other allies within 15 days of their entry into force.
- European Commission President Ursula von der Leyen has **expressed** support for the start of negotiations on **Ukraine’s accession to the EU**, emphasizing that Ukraine has implemented the necessary reforms despite the war conditions. The statement came after an unsuccessful attempt to adopt a supporting statement at the EU summit.
- Zelenskyi **met** with Britain’s King Charles III at Windsor Castle and **awarded** Polish President Andrzej Duda **the Order of Freedom** for his support of Ukraine’s sovereignty. **This was** Duda’s last visit to Ukraine as president of Poland.
- Vladimir Putin **refused to participate in the BRICS summit** in Brazil due to the International Criminal Court’s arrest warrant. Russia will be represented by Foreign Minister Lavrov, and the president’s participation will be limited to video. Chinese leader Xi Jinping will also skip the summit for the first time since coming to power.

## Other

- In Hungary, activists have **created a letter of support for Ukraine**, condemning Viktor Orban’s policies. There are already more than 30 thousand signatories. The letter condemns Russian aggression and the encroachment on Ukraine’s territorial integrity. Viktor Orban responded: “For Hungary, not being in the same integration association as Ukraine is a fundamental security interest.”
- Russia is likely to **use a training ground in Kazakhstan to test drones**. This was reported by the local edition of ORDA. In general, incidents with Russian drones in Kazakhstan have become more frequent since February 2025: fragments or entire unmanned aerial vehicles have been detected five times in Western Kazakhstan.



- The position on Ukraine in the **declaration of the NATO Summit** in The Hague is significantly different from last year's: last year, it was stated that Ukraine's future lies in the Alliance. This year, Ukraine's membership in NATO was not mentioned in the document. Also, unlike in 2024, this year Russia is only mentioned as a "threat" and not as a perpetrator of the war against Ukraine.
- The EU summit failed to unanimously adopt **a statement in support of Ukraine**. However, the EU states praised the pace of reforms related to Ukraine's accession process. The countries agreed to take note of the European Commission's assessment that Ukraine is ready to open the EU Accession Process Framework. However, the formal opening of negotiations on the cluster requires the unanimous consent of all 27 EU members.
- The White House wants **to stop funding war crimes investigations**. Among them are those in Ukraine. Reuters writes that this includes Global Rights Compliance, which records crimes against humanity, rape and torture, as well as Legal Action Worldwide, which supports Ukrainian efforts to file cases against suspected war criminals from Russia. An internal State Department letter states that attempts to preserve any programs must be very well-founded and directly aligned with Washington's priorities.
- Russia is supplied with machine tools from the Czech Republic, which are used, among other things, for the needs of the military-industrial complex. This is evidenced by an investigation by The Insider. The journalists of the publication counted 12 Czech manufacturers whose equipment has been delivered to Russia since 2024. Three manufacturers - Šmeral Brno, Varnsdorf, and TAJMAC-ZPS - account for most of the exports worth about \$8 million.
- Hungary and Slovakia refused to approve the new, **18th package of EU sanctions against Russia** until the European Council meeting, where sanctions pressure on Russia is to be discussed at the level of EU leaders.



## Military Support

- President of Ukraine Volodymyr Zelenskyi says that this year he managed to "find" \$43 billion to **finance the domestic defense industry**.
- Canada is helping Ukraine modernize **helicopters to intercept Shahed** kamikaze drones. First of all, it is about optical surveillance and targeting systems.
- Ukraine has received the first SHARK light-engine two-seater **aircraft** from the Czech-Slovak company SHARK.AERO, equipped with an anti-drone system.
- **Norway** will finance the **production of surface drones** in Ukraine. This year, Oslo has allocated about €576 million to support the Maritime Coalition. Part of this money will be used to develop and manufacture surface drones in Ukraine. The company Kongsberg Defense & Aerospace, which specializes in the development of high-tech defense products, will help with this.
- Norway will purchase drones for Ukraine worth more than €550 million. This is Norway's first major order of drones directly from Ukrainian and other European manufacturers.
- The Norwegian government, together with Kongsberg and Ukraine, will finance and develop **missiles for the NASAMS anti-aircraft missile system**. The opening of the Kongsberg Defense and Aerospace office in Ukraine was also announced.
- **New Zealand** announces new **assistance to Ukraine** worth more than \$9.4 million. Wellington will make contributions to the NATO Security Assistance and Training for Ukraine Fund and the UAV Coalition.
- The Ukrainian Defense Industry Joint Stock Company and European company Airbus signed a Memorandum of Cooperation. As part of the memorandum, the parties agreed **to train Ukrainian specialists** in the maintenance and repair of aircraft.
- **The Netherlands** announces a new **€175 million military aid** package for Ukraine. Ukraine will receive 100 radars to detect drones, as well as 20 partially unmanned modular Ermine CASEVAC vehicles for evacuating the wounded. In addition, the Netherlands is allocating another €80 million for drones as part of the international Drone Coalition.
- The UK will launch **a joint production of Ukrainian drone models** for the needs of the Defense Forces. The agreement, which covers the next three years, provides funding for the British government to purchase a wide range of Ukrainian drones. This will allow British defense companies to quickly design and manufacture state-of-the-art drones on a large scale. This includes the production of interceptor drones and long-range drones.
- For the first time, the UK will finance weapons for Ukraine from frozen Russian assets. The new **aid package** to Ukraine is worth about **\$96 million**. London will send 350 ASRAAM air defense missiles, originally designed as air-to-air missiles and modernized in three months for ground launch.
- Denmark will become the first country with which Ukraine will launch **joint production of long-range drones and missiles** abroad. This was announced by President of Ukraine Volodymyr Zelenskyi.
- The Czech volunteer group Aerorozvědka has donated ARCZ08X FPV drones with artificial intelligence to the Ukrainian Defense Forces.
- The Dutch Ministry of Defense will finance the **production of Ermine buggies** from Rheinmetall for the needs of Ukraine. Deliveries are expected to begin in 2026.
- Latvia has sent **1300 combat drones** of its own production to the Ukrainian Defense Forces. Drones for various purposes are being supplied as part of an international coalition of drones.
- The Netherlands and Belgium handed over **two mine-searching ships** to Ukraine. These are the Belgian ship BNS Narcis and the Dutch ship Zr.Ms. Vlaarding.



## Key Events of the Week:

- A total of 140-190 combat clashes were recorded over the week, which indicates a consistently high level of combat activity along the entire frontline.
- Russian troops actively use Shahed drones (over 370 were launched per day on June 23 and 27) and missiles. A total of 2,700 drones were launched throughout June.
- Russia has increased the production of Iskander missiles using equipment imported from China, Taiwan, and Belarus.
- The Russian advance in the Sumy region was halted, and the frontline has stabilized. According to Syrskiy, Russia's so-called summer offensive, including the advance in the Kharkiv region, is faltering much like last year's attempt.
- Throughout the week, Ukraine launched precision strikes on the Atlas Oil Depot in the Rostov region, the Marinovka airport (where Su-34 fighter-bombers were destroyed), an ammunition depot in the Bryansk region, and the Kirovsk airfield in Crimea (where helicopters and anti-aircraft missile systems were destroyed).

- Ukrainian anti-aircraft gunners have significantly improved the efficiency of the Patriot missile systems due to software updates, which resulted from their active use in Ukraine.
- Ukraine has launched the mass production of Sapsan ballistic missiles, which can reach up to 500 km. This weapon is already used in order to strike the enemy's rear.
- The Defense Intelligence of Ukraine claims that North Korea is prepared to deploy its military units to support Russia (over 11 thousand soldiers have already been sent). They are going to participate in military operations in either the Kursk or the Sumy region.
- Russia has amassed 111,000 troops in the Pokrovsk direction, which is the largest group of personnel along the frontline. They are trying to reach the border of the Donetsk region.
- Russia expands the Kazan aircraft plant which produces strategic bombers (Tu-160/Tu-22M3). However, Western analysts claim that sanctions and a shortage of human resources significantly hinder the plans of the Russian Federation.

Main Directions of Combat Engagements:		Losses of the Russian army from 22.06.2025 to 28.06.2025	
22.06	➤ The Pokrovsk, Toretsk, and Lyman directions are the most tense. That is where the highest number of raids occurs. Russian troops are probably aiming to reach the Kramatorsk agglomeration. The Pokrovsk direction is the hottest spot on the frontline: 44 to 65 armed clashes occur daily, which is the most intense level among all directions. Russian forces attack dozens of settlements, namely: Myroliubivka, Promin, Poltavka, Novosergiivka, Oleksiivka, Udachne, Myrne, Malynivka, and others.	Liquidated personnel	6 440
	➤ A total of 171 combat clashes were recorded over the past day. ➤ According to Deep State, the Armed Forces of Ukraine liberated the village of Andriivka, while the enemy advanced near Pryvilne and Shevchenko.	Tanks	11
23.06	➤ A total of 142 combat clashes were recorded over the past day. ➤ On the night of June 23, the military units of the Special Operations Forces of the Armed Forces of Ukraine, in collaboration with the Rocket Forces and Artillery, struck the Atlas Oil Depot in the Rostov region. The facility supplies fuel and lubricants to Russian military units located in the temporarily occupied territories of the Donetsk and Luhansk regions.	IFVs	43
	➤ The effectiveness of target interception by Patriot missile systems has significantly improved due to the combat experience of Ukrainian air defense forces. Tyler Rogoway, the editor-in-chief of The War Zone, reported this in a post on his X account (formerly Twitter). According to him, the active use of Patriot systems in Ukraine led to a number of software updates. The conditions Ukrainian anti-aircraft gunners operate in have enabled the developers to upgrade the system's hardware components. ➤ According to Deep State, Russian forces advanced near the following settlements: Klishchiivka, Dachne, Toretsk, Fedorivka, and Shevchenko.	Artillery systems / MLRS	199/2
24.06	➤ A total of 165 combat clashes were recorded over the past day. ➤ A total of 28 thousand Shahed drones have been launched since the beginning of the Russian invasion of Ukraine. Volodymyr Zelenskyi stated this during his speech to the Dutch Parliament. According to him, a total of 2736 Shahed drones were launched in June alone. He stressed that Russia would never have been able to carry out such drone attacks without support from Iran.	Anti-aircraft warfare systems	1
	➤ According to Deep State, Russian troops took control over Novomykhailivka and advanced near a number of settlements, namely: Radkivka, Hrekivka, Nelipivka, Romanivka, Novotoretske, Holubivka, and Leonidivka.	Aircraft / helicopters	4/0
25.06	➤ A total of 151 combat clashes were recorded over the past day. ➤ Russia managed to expand the production of Iskander missiles due to intermediaries who had purchased all the necessary equipment abroad. According to the investigation by the Kyiv Independent, Russia manufactured more than 700 Iskander missiles over the past year alone, which is three times more than in 2023. As it turned out, the key role in this was played by the import of equipment from China, Taiwan, and Belarus, which were carried out through intermediaries. The Votkinsk Machine Building Plant, which manufactures different types of missiles, led the expansion program. Journalists discovered that since 2023, the facility has been receiving new production equipment, including computer numerical control (CNC) metal-cutting machines, which are crucial for the production of missiles' components.	UAVs	907
	➤ According to Deep State, Russian forces captured Andriivka and Kostiantynopil, and advanced near Oleksiivka, Dniproenerhiia, and Shevchenko.	Ships/boats	0
		Vehicles & fuel tanks	647
		Special equipment	1

# Situation at the Front

26.06	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ A total of 154 combat clashes were recorded over the past day.</li> <li>➤ The Russian advance in the Sumy region was halted, Oleksandr Syrskyi reported. "We can state that this year's wave of Russian attempts at the so-called summer offensive is faltering like last year's advance in the Kharkiv region," said Syrskyi. According to him, the frontline in the Sumy region has stabilized, and the Ukrainian army liberates settlements in certain areas.</li> <li>➤ Ukraine has begun the mass production of its own short-range ballistic missiles, Sapsan, reported Yermak, the head of the Office of the President of Ukraine. It hit the target 300 km away when it was used for the first time in May. This missile contains 480 kg of explosives and moves at five times the speed of sound. The range of this missile is classified, but it is suggested that it can reach up to 500 km.</li> <li>➤ North Korea can deploy additional troops to Russia in July or in August in order to support the Russian invasion of Ukraine. That is because Russia may be preparing for a large-scale offensive on Ukraine in either July or August, according to South Korea's intelligence agency. The conclusion is based on both a new stage of mobilization in North Korea and the recent visit of a senior official from the Security Council of the Russian Federation to Pyongyang.</li> <li>➤ According to Deep State, Russian troops advanced in Shevchenko, Kamianske, and near Burlatske and Vilne Pole.</li> </ul>
27.06	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ A total of 187 combat clashes were recorded over the past day.</li> <li>➤ The Armed Forces of Ukraine struck Russian fighter-bombers on the Marinovka airfield in the Volgograd region of Russia. According to preliminary data, a total of four Su-34 aircraft and the maintenance unit, a place where various combat aircraft are serviced and repaired, were hit. The Su-34 is Russia's main aircraft used in missile and bomb strikes on Ukrainian positions and settlements. According to the Russian Aerospace Forces, they are classified as frontline fighter-bombers. They are used to drop glide bombs, including those with planning and correction modules.</li> <li>➤ Drones launched by the Defense Intelligence of Ukraine targeted rocket fuel, fuel and lubricant depots of the 1061st Logistics Support Center of the Russian Armed Forces in Bryansk. The attack involved Ukrainian drones, namely Bober, Baklan and Obriy.</li> <li>➤ The Ukrainian intelligence agency has information that North Korea may be preparing new military units to be deployed to Russia, approximately in July or August. The units will possibly be engaged in military operations in the Kursk region; however, it is also possible that they will be sent to the Sumy region. Over 11,000 elite troops are already involved in the war against Ukraine.</li> <li>➤ According to the Institute for the Study of War, tactical changes at the front show that the Russians prefer Geran 2/3 drones to glider bombs for frontline strikes, enabling large-scale precision attacks. ISW also reported that in June, Russia had carried out 888 attacks involving chemical weapons, including grenades and drones equipped with capsules containing the CS chemical agent.</li> <li>➤ "Russia has amassed 111,000 troops in the Pokrovsk direction, which is the largest group of personnel along the frontline," claims Syrskyi. He adds that the enemy does not abandon attempts to reach the border of the Donetsk region.</li> <li>➤ According to Deep State, Russian forces took control of Novosilka and Odradne, and advanced near Yalta, in Vesele, and Stepove.</li> </ul>
28.06	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ A total of 153 combat clashes were recorded over the past day.</li> <li>➤ On the night of June 28, Ukrainian drones attacked the Kirovske airfield in temporarily occupied Crimea. According to available data, Mi-8, Mi-26, and Mi-28 helicopters were destroyed, as well as the Pantsir-S1 self-propelled anti-aircraft missile and gun system. A secondary detonation occurred at the airfield overnight.</li> <li>➤ Drones launched by the Defense Intelligence of Ukraine hit the 120th arsenal of the Main Missile and Artillery Directorate of the Ministry of Defense of the Russian Federation in the city of Bryansk.</li> <li>➤ The latest Grom-1 bomb-missile was shot down over the Dnipro River, reported the regional military administration. The target was neutralized by air defense. The type of aerial target was determined after the examination of the debris.</li> <li>➤ Russia expands the Kazan aircraft plant, reports Yle, the Finnish media. This plant is known to manufacture Tu-160, Tu-160M2 and Tu-22M3 strategic bombers, involved in attacks on Ukraine. According to satellite photos, the largest new building is 320 meters wide and covers 19,000 square meters. The Russian Federation is estimated to invest over € 1 billion in its expansion. However, Marko Eklund, a military analyst, expressed the opinion that Russia faces difficulties and struggles to meet deadlines due to sanctions and a shortage of human resources.</li> </ul>

## Losses of the Russian army from 22.06.2025 to 28.06.2025

Liquidated personnel	6 440
Tanks	11
IFVs	43
Artillery systems / MLRS	199/2
Anti-aircraft warfare systems	1
Aircraft / helicopters	4/0
UAVs	907
Ships/boats	0
Vehicles & fuel tanks	647
Special equipment	1



# This week shelling and strikes

## Massive attacks per week

- **Attack on the night of June 22:** Air defense neutralized 28 out of 47 drones. Particularly, 18 UAVs were shot down, while 10 were either lost by location or jammed by electronic warfare. Also, Russian forces attacked with two ballistic missiles "Iskander-M"/KN-23 air defense guided missile C-300 – they couldn't be shot down. Strikes were recorded in 7 locations, in particular in Chernihiv, Sumy, and Odesa oblasts.
- **Attack on the night of June 23:** Air defense neutralized 354 enemy air attack means: 158 were shot down by firepower, while 196 were lost. Russia launched 368 drones and missiles. The main direction of the strike was Kyiv.
- **Attack on the night of June 24:** Air defense neutralized 78 out of 97 drones. 63 drones were shot down, while 15 were either lost by location or jammed by electronic warfare. Strike UAVs were recorded in 6 locations.
- **Attack on the night of June 25:** Air defense neutralized 52 Russian drones. Russia launched 71 drones in total. Air defense worked in the Eastern, Southern and Northern parts of Ukraine. There are strike UAVs in 6 locations in Odesa, Sumy and Kharkiv oblasts.
- **Attack on the night of June 26:** Air defence neutralized 24 out of 41 drones. 8 drones were shot down, while 16 were either lost by location or jammed by electronic warfare. Drone strikes were recorded in 7 locations.
- **Attack on the night of June 27:** Air defense neutralized 88 drones and 6 missiles. A total of 363 drones, 2 Kinzhal aeroballistic missiles, and 6 Kalibr missiles. The main direction of the airstrike was the city of Starokostyantyniv in the Khmelnytskyi oblast. Direct strikes were recorded in 3 locations, and debris fell in 8 locations.
- **Attack on the night of June 28:** Air defense neutralized 22 UAVs. 22 Russian drones were shot down by firepower, while 1 was either lost or jammed by electronic warfare. The main direction of the airstrike was the city of Odesa.

## Donetsk oblast

- Throughout the week, the Donetsk oblast was attacked by FPV-drones and FAB-500 bombs. At least 400 civilian objects were damaged or ruined, among them private houses, administrative buildings, farms, industrial buildings, gas pipelines, power lines, and transport.

On June 23, Russians struck the city of Kostiantynivka with an FPV drone. As a result of the attack, 1 person perished, and 1 person was injured. On June 25, the Russian military shelled the Novoavlenka village. As a result of the attack, 1 person perished, and 1 person was injured. On June 27, Russians shelled Ivanopilka village with Smerch multiple launch rocket systems. As a result of the attack, 1 person perished, and 1 person was injured.

- Other areas affected during the week include:
  - Volnovakha district: Myrne.
  - Pokrovsk district: Myrnohrad, Pokrovsk, Rodynske, Hryshyne, Bilytske, Volodymyrivka, Dobropillia, Novyi Donbas, Novotroitske, Hruzke, Novotoretske, Zapovidne, Novoeconomichne, Novovodyane, Bilozerske, Pankivka, Zatyshok.
  - Kramatorsk district: Lyman, Kaleniki, Sloviansk, Illinivka, Bilokuzmynivka, Raiske, Torske, Zoloti Prudy, Vesela Hora, Novoandriivka, Oleksandrivka, Novopetrivka, Druzhkivka, Dovha Balka, Zakitne, Sviatohirsk, Andriivka, Stepanivka.
  - Bakhmut district: Siversk.

## Zaporizhzhia oblast

- Throughout the week, the Zaporizhzhia oblast endured attacks involving UAVs and MLRS shelling.

On June 24, Russian troops attacked one of the villages in the Polohy district. As a result of the attack, 1 person was injured. On June 25, Russians launched 4 missile strikes on the city of Zaporizhia. As a result of the attack, 2 people were injured, while buildings, household facilities, and cars were damaged.

Other areas affected during the week include: Stepanivka, Mali Shcherbaky, Huliaipole, Shcherbaky, Mahdalynivka, Lobkove, Kamianske, Novodanylivka, Mala Tokmachka, Charivne, Nyzhnia Khortytsia, Olenivka, Novopavlivka, Novoselivka, Novohryhorivka, Solodke, Prymorske, Preobrazhenka, Maryivka, Novoandriivka, Hryhorivka, Kanivske, Orikhiv, and Zatyshshia.

## Sumy oblast

- Throughout the week, the Sumy oblast endured the attacks using guided aerial bombs (KABs), MLRS shelling, and VOG grenade drops from drones. There were 21 injured people during the week of shelling, out of which at least 6 were children and 1 pregnant woman. 3 civilians perished, including the child.

On June 23, a Russian drone struck the city of Putyvl. As a result of the attack, 11 people were injured. Meanwhile, buildings and a car were damaged. On June 24, Russian forces attacked the village of Velykyi Bobryk with attack drones. 3 people perished, and 6 more were injured. 7 dwelling houses were destroyed as well. Other areas affected during the week include: Sumy, Khotin, Bilopillia, Verkhnya Syrovatka, Putyvl, Hlukhiv, Krasnopillia, Yunakivka, Bezdryk, Seredyna-Buda, Buryyn, and Stepanivka communities.

## Kharkiv oblast

- Throughout the week, the Kharkiv oblast suffered from the attacks involving guided aerial bombs (KABs), UAVs, and FAB-500 bombs. During the period of June 22-27, 4 civilians perished, 30 people got injured.

On June 23, the Russian forces attacked Ivashky village with an FPV drone. As a result of the attack, 1 person was injured. On June 24, the enemy attacked Kharkiv and Kharkiv Oblast using UAVs. As a result of the attack, 9 people got injured. Also, private houses, civil enterprise, and household facilities were damaged. On June 26, in the village of Pidlyman, 1 person perished and 4 were injured.

Injuries and infrastructure damage were also recorded in the following localities during the week: Staryi Saltiv, Kozacha Lopan, Postolne, Kupiansk, Derhachi, Borova, Vodian, Doroshenkove, Yurchenkove, Petro-Ivanivka, Hryhorivka, Izium, Vovchanski Khutory, Pidlyman, Vilkhuvatka, Osynovo, Chuhuiv, and Sukha Kamianka.

## Mykolaiv Oblast

- During the mentioned period, Russian troops actively used FPV drones, guided air-launched missiles, and artillery. The main targets of the attacks were the Kutsurub and Ochakiv communities (including the city of Ochakiv) and the areas of Dmytrivka, Solonchaky, and Dniprovske.

On June 22, as a result of the missile shelling in Ochakiv, 3 people suffered, there are 2 children among them. At least 14 private houses, 2 apartment buildings, household facilities, a transformer substation, and power transmission lines were damaged.



# This week shelling and strikes

## Dnipro and the oblast

- Russian troops actively used FPV drones, heavy artillery, and missiles. The main strikes were in the Nikopol district, and also the city of Dnipro and individual communities Synelnykove district.

The most damaging was the missile attack on the city of Dnipro on June 24: 21 people were deceased, over 300 were injured, and there were 27 children among them. The strike also hit a passenger train. 5 more people perished and 25 were injured as a result of the strike on the city of Samara.

Overall, during the week, 28 people deceased, over 360 people were injured. Accommodations, ambulatories, a market, cafes, enterprises, a gymnasium, a church, an infrastructure, and transport were damaged. The part of the attacks caused fires and power outages for over 5000 houses all over the oblast.

## Odesa oblast

- Russian forces carried out attacks on the civilian objects of the Odesa Oblast, using attack drones, such as Shahed. On June 25, a strike occurred in the Izmail region, resulting in damage to the storage facilities of a private enterprise and its agricultural machinery. The most damaging attack happened on the night of June 28, when the Russian drones hit the multi-storey residential building in Odesa. During these days, at least 2 people perished, while 17 more got injured, including 3 children aged 3, 7, and 14 years old.

## Poltava Oblast

- On the night of June 26-27, the Russian troops launched attack drones on Poltava Oblast. As a result of the falling wreckage of downed Shahed attack drones, cars, the building of the supermarket, and the medical facility were damaged.

## Kherson and the oblast

- Throughout the week, the Russian troops mainly used attack drones, artillery, and guided aerial bombs (KABs). In total, 13 deaths and 43 injuries have been confirmed as a result of Russian aggression in 7 days. Residential areas, critical social, transport and energy infrastructure were under shelling. The shelling on the territory of the national park was also recorded.

Among the main events of the week – a strike on the energy infrastructure on June 27, which led to the power outages in some of the settlements, restoration work is still ongoing. Also, the direct drone attacks on civilians are recorded: particularly, shelling on the minibus in the city of Kherson on June 28, where at least 1 person was heavily injured.

The most damaged settlements became Antonivka, Beryslav, Prydniprovsk, Sadove, Stanislav, Darivka, Bilozerka, Poniativka, Kizomys, Mykilske, Osokorkivka, Havrylivka, Vesele, Sofiivka, Chornobaivka, and the city of Kherson, which was shelled every day.

## Chernihiv oblast

- During the week, Chernihiv oblast came under the systematic attack of the Russian army. The enemy used a wide arsenal of weapons: FPV-drones, mortars, cannon artillery, multiple launch rocket systems, unguided aviation missiles, infantry fighting vehicles (IFVs), and ammunition dropped from UAVs. As a result of attacks on private and non-residential buildings, outbuildings, warehouses, cars, and power transmission lines were damaged.

On June 22, the Russian army attacked the Snovske village with kamikaze drones (Lancet UAVs). As a result of the strike, 2 people perished, 10 more people got injured.

The following settlements came under attack: Novhorod-Siverskyi, Semenivka, Snovsk, and Horodnia communities; Novi Borovychi, Huta-Studenetska, Khrinivka, Hremiach, Arkhypivka, Orlykivka, Yanzhulivka, Mkyh, Leonivka, Baranivka, Medvedivka, Karabany, Kamenskaya Sloboda, Yasna Polyana, Buchky, Yeline, Berylivka, and Senkivka villages.

## Kyiv Oblast

- During the week, the Kyiv oblast was subjected to massive attacks through the use of attack drones and missiles. The Shevchenkivskyi district of Kyiv, Bila Tserkva, Bucha, and Fastiv districts, as well as Bila Tserkva and Kyiv, were under attack. In total, at least 10 deceased and 9 injured were recorded in the Kyiv oblast over the week.

On the night of June 23, Russian forces launched a combined drone and missile attack on Kyiv and the oblast. The Shevchenkivskyi district of the capital city suffered the most damage: an entire entrance of a residential high-rise building was destroyed. At least 9 people perished, including an 11-year-old child.

In the Bila Tserkva district, 3 private houses caught fire due to the falling wreckage of downed UAVs, and another house and a hotel building were damaged. As a result of the attack, an elderly woman was killed in the attack, and 8 more people were injured. The Transfiguration Cathedral in Bila Tserkva was damaged. On June 27, the Kyiv region was again under attack by drones and missiles. As a result of the attack, an elderly man was injured in a strike in Fastiv district.



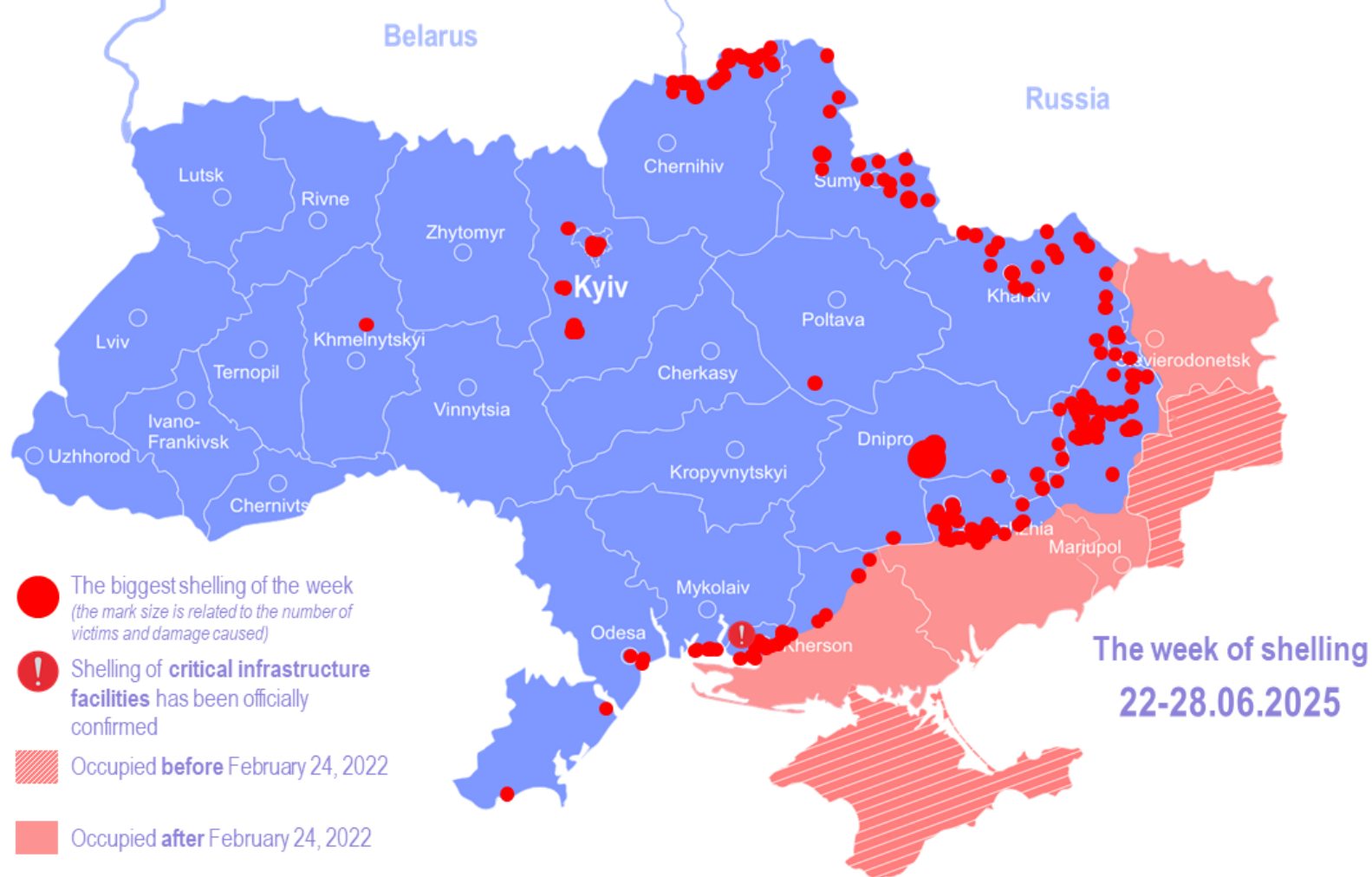


# The week of shelling

Zaporizhzhia oblast



Kharkiv oblast



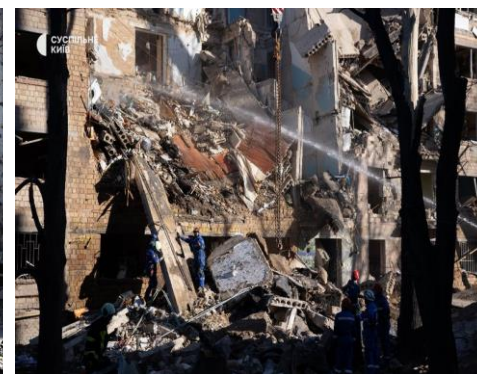
Odesa oblast



Dnipropetrovsk oblast



Kyiv





## Human Rights Violations

- Russian troops took four residents of Kostiantynivka from the Khotin community in Sumy Oblast to Russia. Despite the chance to evacuate from the city, they decided to stay at home. They are currently staying with relatives in the Voronezh Region (Russia).
- The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ukraine has reported that some Ukrainian citizens who were deported from Russia after serving their sentences on its territory are being held in inadequate conditions at the Russian-Georgian border. Thanks to an agreed mechanism for controlled transit, some of these Ukrainians have already been evacuated back to Ukraine.

## War Crimes

- Russia is "systematically and deliberately" using cluster munitions prohibited under international law against Ukraine. At least 5,974 instances of such munitions being used have been recorded. These strikes have resulted in numerous civilian casualties, including children, and widespread destruction of residential, medical, educational, and critical infrastructure.

## International support

- On June 25, Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyi and Secretary General of the Council of Europe Alain Berset signed an agreement on a Special Tribunal for the Crime of Aggression against Ukraine. This tribunal, established under the auspices of the Council of Europe, will bring to justice those who used force in violation of the UN Charter.
- The British company Smith+Nephew has donated approximately 626,000 specialized bandages needed to treat patients with epidermolysis bullosa. They are currently being distributed to medical facilities, according to a press release from the State Enterprise "Medical Procurements of Ukraine".

## Infrastructure and Energy

- On June 27, Russia attacked an important energy facility in the Kherson Oblast, causing power outages across several settlements.
- Russia destroyed a rehabilitation clinic that served children with disabilities, palliative care patients, and soldiers returning from captivity. The clinic usually treated children from the Fastiv Educational and Rehabilitation Center, stroke patients, palliative care patients, and soldiers after injuries and captivity, according to the clinic's Facebook page.

## Impact of the War on Civilians

- According to a new bulletin from the UN Human Rights Monitoring Mission in Ukraine, at least 395 civilians were killed and another 2,635 injured as a result of attacks by Russian short-range drones between February 2022 and April 2025. The bulletin documents cases in which drone operators deliberately attacked civilians traveling in private cars, using buses, walking on the street, providing humanitarian aid, evacuating others, or traveling in clearly marked ambulances.

## Temporarily Occupied Territories (TOT) and Evacuation

- In Hola Prystan, located in the temporarily occupied part of Kherson Oblast, Russian forces took valuable equipment and furniture from the local hospital, according to Svitlana Linnyk, head of the City Military Administration. Specifically, the occupiers took away a hemodialysis machine, an oxygen station and its network, copper pipes, and even the furniture.
- In Sievierodonetsk, where the occupiers destroyed the municipal water supply system, the water supply situation has worsened. In particular, the pressure has decreased, leaving upper floors of buildings almost constantly without water, while in some buildings, there is no water supply at all.
- On the temporarily occupied territory of the Luhansk Oblast, Russians will teach seven-year-old children to operate drones, according to the Luhansk Regional State Administration. The training will begin from the first grade.
- Russia has turned Crimea into a military base for further invasion of Ukraine. The peninsula has become a territory of fear, repression, and persecution of Crimean Tatars, as well as a platform for expanding Russia's influence in the Muslim world and manipulating Islamic rhetoric. This is stated in the Mejlis' appeal to the Council of Foreign Ministers of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC), which is taking place in Istanbul.
- Another Resilience Center for internally displaced persons from the temporarily occupied Luhansk Oblast has opened in Kyiv. It is the fifth of six centers selected to participate in the pilot project of the Ministry of Social Policy. It will provide a comprehensive range of services: social, legal, and psychological assistance from Caritas-Kyiv specialists through individual and group consultations, play therapy, and stress resilience training.
- Starting June 24, an evacuation train will run between Sumy and Uzhhorod for residents of border communities in Sumy Oblast, according to Oleg Grygorov, head of the Sumy Regional State Administration. The state is providing support and relocation opportunities for those forced to leave the border area due to the war. Over 350 people were evacuated this week. In total, more than 12,000 people have been evacuated since March.
- Between 10 and 50 residents are evacuated daily from the most dangerous areas of the Kharkiv Oblast. It is extremely difficult to ensure stable utility services in Kupiansk, and on the left bank, it is impossible. The enemy is deliberately shelling critical infrastructure and attacking repair crews, State Emergency Service units, and emergency medical services.

## Impact of the War on Civilians

- Human Rights Commissioner Dmytro Lubinets stated that there are currently more than 4.6 million internally displaced persons in Ukraine. Half of them are children, pensioners, and persons with disabilities. Lubinets also reported that more than 6.9 million Ukrainians have been forced to leave the country due to Russia's full-scale invasion.
- The area of potentially mined land in Ukraine has decreased by more than 20% compared to the end of 2022 and now covers approximately 137,000 square kilometers, according to Prime Minister Denys Shmyhal. At present, 112 certified demining operators are active in the field, including eight international organizations. Their collective resources include over 9,000 personnel, 278 demining and earthmoving machines, and more than 13,000 metal detectors.

